PATENT COOPERATION TREATY



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference			
IEC040023PCT			
	FOR FURTHER ACT	ION See I	Form PCT/IPEA/416
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/CN2004/000402		•	•
International Patent Classification (IPC) or n	ational classification and IF	C	
IPC(7): A61K31/185,31/19,31/194,A61K	33/42,A61P37/00	•	
·			·
Applicant			
SHIAO,Shin-jen			
This report is the international preliming	nary examination report, es	tablished by this Internatio	nal Preliminary Examining Authority under
Article 35 and transmitted to the applic	cant according to Article 36	•	
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	7	sheets, including this	cover sheet.
3. This report is also accompanied by AN	NEXES, comprising:		
a. (sent to the applicant and to the	International Rureau) a tota	ol of	sheets, as follows:
sheets of the description, c	laims and/or drawings whi	ch have been amended an	d are the basis of this report and/or sheets
			on 607 of the Administrative Instructions).
sheets which supersede ea	rlier sheets, but which thi	s Authority considers con indicated in item 4 of Box	ntain an amendment that goes beyond the No. I and the Supplemental Box.
discressive in the internati	onar approation as mea, ac		
b. (sent to the International Burea	nu only) a total of (indicate to and/or tables related the	ype and number of electron reto, in electronic form o	nly, as indicated in the Supplemental Box
Relating to Sequence Listing	(see Section 802 of the Adr	ministrative Instructions).	
This report contains indications relating	ng to the following items:		·
Box No. I Basis of the report	-		
Box No. II Priority			
	of opinion with regard to r	ovelty, inventive step and	industrial applicability
Box No. IV Lack of unity of in		•	
1		egard to novelty, inventive	step or industrial applicability;
l e	planations supporting such s		•
Box No. VI Certain documents			
	he international application		
	ons on the international app		
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of the	is report
Date of submission of the demand 23.Nov.2004(23.11.	2004)		3.Aug.2005(23.08.2005)
		<u> </u>	
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/CN The State Intellectual Property Office	e, the P.R.China.	Authorized officer	
6 Xitucheng Rd., Jimen Bridge, Haidian I			LIU,Qiming
100088			

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (cover sheet) (April 2005)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CN2004/000402

Box No. I	Basis of the report		
. With reg	ard to the language, this report is based on:		
the	international application in the language in which it v	vas filed	
a tra	inslation of the international application into	, which is t	he language of a
tra	nslation furnished for the purposes of:		
	nternational search (Rules 12.3(a) and 23.1(b))		
	ublication of the international application (Rule 12.4)	(a))	
•	nternational preliminary examination (Rules 55.2(a)	·	
	normational premiumary examination (Naise 99.4(4))		
2. With re receiving report)	gard to the elements of the international application, ag Office in response to an invitation under Article 1-	this report is based on (replacement shee 4 are referred to in this report as "origina	ts which have been furnished to the ally filed" and are not annexed to this
the in	nternational application as originally filed/furnished		
the d	escription:		
I	pages		as originally filed/furnished
ī	pages •	received by this Authority on	
ī	pages •	received by this Authority on	
the c	laims:		as originally filed/furnished
	pages	and describer of	vith any statement)under Article 19
	pages		with any statement/under Article 17
	pages	received by this Authority on	
	pages	received by this Authority on	
tha d	rawings:		
			as originally filed/furnished
	pages pages •	received by this Authority on	_
		received by this Authority on	
	pages	received by anstrumently on	
a seq	uence listing and/or any related table(s) - see Suppler	mental Box Relating to Sequence Listing.	
3. The a	mendments have resulted in the cancellation of:		
	the description, pages		
	the claims, Nos.		
			
	the sequence listing (specify):		
	any table(s) related to sequence listing (specify):		
	any table(s) related to sequence fishing (speedyy).		•
4. This i	report has been established as if (some of) the amend ince they have been considered to go beyond the disc	ments annexed to this report and listed be closure as filed, as indicated in the Supple	low had not been made, mental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).
	the description, pages		
	the claims, Nos. 1,13,17,22,24		
	the claims, Nos. 1,13,17,22,24 the drawings, sheets/figs		
	the claims, Nos. 1,13,17,22,24		

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No.

PCT/CN2004/000402

	been examined in			
he entire intern	ational application			
elaims Nos.	8-12,24-30,54			
ause:				
he said claims	Nos.		54	
said claims No are so unclea see Box No.	r that no meaningfu	ul opinion could be form	ned (specify):	8-12,24
said claims No		25-30 ngful opinion could be	Formed	are so inadequately supporte
see Box No.				

- a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the sequence listing; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit: furnish a sequence listing on paper complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.
 - furnish a sequence listing in electronic form complying with the standard provided for in Annex C of the Administrative Instructions, and such listing was not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.
 - pay the required late furnishing fee for the furnishing of a sequence listing in response to an invitation under Rules 13ter.1(a) or (b) and 13ter.2.
- a meaningful opinion could not be formed without the tables related to the sequence listings; the applicant did not, within the prescribed time limit, furnish such tables in electronic form complying with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions, and such tables were not available to the International Preliminary Examining Authority in a form and manner acceptable to it.
- the tables related to the nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence listing, if in electronic form only, do not comply with the technical requirements provided for in Annex C-bis of the Administrative Instructions.

See Supplemental Box for further details.

See Supplemental Box for further details.

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (Box No. III) (April 2005)

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CN2004/000402

Box No. IV Lack of unity of invention

- 1. In response to the invitation to restrict or pay additional fees the applicant has, within the applicable time limit:
 - restricted the claims
 - paid additional fees
 - paid additional fees under protest and, where applicable, the protest fee
 - paid additional fees under protest but the applicable protest fee was not paid
 - neither restricted nor paid additional fees
- 2. This Authority found that the requirement of unity of invention is not complied with and chose, according to Rule 68.1, not to invite the applicant to restrict or pay additional fees.

					1
3. This Au	thority considers that the requirem	nent of unity	of invention in accordance wi	th Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3 is	
compli	ed with.				
not con	uplied with for the following reason	ons:			
21 relates to the unclates to the unclates to the unclaim 51 relate contain no the the independe	the use of edible acid and/ or the use of edible acid and/ or the acidi the method of the manufature of es to the method reducing allergous same or corresponding special ter	e acidic salt ic salt in the protein den en of object chnical feate dependent	in the manufature of pharma e manufature of food, beverage aturation food and food reduci t. Because independent claim ure, claims above don't meet the	e acid and/ or acidic salt, the independent ceutical composition, the independent or health care material, the independent risk of allergy, respectively. The same time request of unity. At the same time the same or corresponding specific countries and the same or corresponding specific countries.	ent claim 25 endent claim independent 5,31 and 33 ime, because
			•		
4 Conno	quently, this report has been establ	liched in res	enect of the following parts of t	the international application:	
	parts.	naned in red	per or mo tono wang para		
Ī	parts relating to claims Nos.				
Form PCT/IF	EA/409 (Box No. IV) (April 2005	5)		International application No.	
INTE	RNATIONAL PRELIMINARY	REPORT (ON PATENTABILITY	micriational application 140.	
Box No. V	Reasoned statement under A			ntive step or industrial applicabili	ty;
1. Statem	ent:				
	Jovelty (N)				YES
1	voverty (IV)	Claims	23, 37, 42, 51-53		_
		Claims	1-7, 13-22, 31-36, 38-41, 43-	-50	NO -
ı	nventive step (IS)	Claims	23, 51-53		YES
		Claims	1-7, 13-22, 31-50	:	NO —

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7) Reference is made to the following document: D1: US 6297244 B D2: WO 0128556 A D3: EP 1197152.A D4: CN 1356393 A D5: CN 1039709 A D6: CHEN Xingian et al, XINBIANYAOXUE, PEOPLE HYGIENE PUBLISHING COMPANY, 14th edition, page 476-477 D1 discloses a composition compring acidic substance which is selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, critric acid, tartaric acid, lactic acid, malic acid, and malic acid and phosphoric acid(see claim 4 of D1). It also discloses that the content of the acidic substance is in the range of about 0.2% by weight to 10% by weight of the pharmaceutical composition(see claim 7 of D1). D2 discloses a low irritation nasal composition for prevention and treatment of cold and influenza viruses, which may comprise ascorbic, finameric, lactic and other organic acid. It also discloses that the said composition in administered by spraying(see claim 2, 7 of D2). Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 1-7,13-20,43-50 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. D3 discloses a dairy product, to which a reducing agent such as ascorbic acid is added (see claim 4, 7 of D3). Therefore, D3 is novelty destroying for the subject of claims 31-35,38-40(Article 33(2)PCT). Seleccting a suitable concentration of the edible acid and/or acidic salt seems to be obvious to the person skilled in the art. Therefore claim 42 can't be cinsidered as involving an inventive step/Article 33(3)PCT). D4 discloses a method of preparing extract of small miscellaneous sea fish, wherein the preparation process includes adding phosphate buffering system.(see claim 1 of D4), therefore, the subject-matter of claim 36 isn't new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. D5 discloses that ascorbic acid is used to reduce the sensitivity of the subject of claims 21-22(Article 33(2)PCT). D6 discloses that ascorbic acid is used in treatment against allergic dermatosis(see page 476-477 of D6). Therefore, D6 is novelty destroying for the subject of claims 21-22(Article 33(2)PCT). The above docu	Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1-7, 13-23, 31-53		YES
Reference is made to the following document: D1: US 6297244 B D2: WO 0128556 A D3: EP 1197152 A D4: CN 1356393 A D5: CN 1039709 A D6: CHEN Xinqian et al, XINBIANYAOXUE, PEOPLE HYGIENE PUBLISHING COMPANY, 14th edition, page 476-477 D1 discloses a composition compring acidic substance which is selected from the group consisting of ascorbic acid, critric acid, tartaric acid, lactic acid, malic acid, and malic acid and phosphoric acid(sec claim 4 of D1). It also discloses that the content of the acidic substance is in the range of about 0.2% by weight to 10% by weight of the pharmaceutical composition fore claim 7 of D1). D2 Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 1-7,13-20,43-50 is not new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. D3 discloses a dairy product, to which a reducing agent such as ascorbic acid is added (see claim 4,7 of D3). Therefore, D3 is novelty destroying for the subject of claims 31-53,58-40(Article 33(2)PCT). Seleccting a suitable concentration of the edible acid and/or acidic salt seems to be obvious to the person skilled in the art. Therefore claim 42 can't be cinsidered as involving an inventive step(Article 33(3)PCT). D4 discloses a method of preparing extract of small miscellaneous sea fish, wherein the preparation process includes adding phosphate buffering system(see claim 1 of D4). therefore, the subject-matter of claim 36 isn't new in the sense of Article 33(2) PCT. Seleccting a suitable concentration of the edible acid and/or acidic salt seems to be obvious to the person skilled in the art. Therefore claim 37 can't be cinsidered as involving an inventive step(Article 33(3)PCT). D5 discloses a method of making MAIRANSHI coke beverage to which is added phosphoric acid(see claim 1 of D5). Therefore, D5 is novelty destroying for the subject of claims 41(Article 33(2)PCT). D5 discloses a method of making MAIRANSHI coke beverage to which is added phosphoric acid (see claim 1 of D5). Therefore, D6 is novelty destroying for the subject of claims 41(Article 33(2)PCT). D6 discloses a met		Claims			NO
	Reference is made to the following of D1: US 6297244 B D2: WO 0128556 A D3: EP 1197152 A D4: CN 1356393 A D5: CN 1039709 A D6: CHEN Xinqian et al, XINBIA D1 discloses a composition comprint tartaric acid, lactic acid, malic acid, and macidic substance is in the range of about 0 dicloses a low irritation nasal composition fumaric, lactic and other organic acid. It Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 1-7 D3 discloses a dairy product, to whovelty destroying for the subject of claim and/or acidic salt seems to be obvious to the step(Article 33(3)PCT). D4 discloses a method of preparing phosphate buffering system. (see claim 1 of Seleccting a suitable concentration of the claim 37 can't be cinsidered as involving a D5 discloses a method of making M D5 is novelty destroying for the subject of D6 discloses that ascorbic acid is novelty destroying for the subject of claim. The above documents don't disclose object which is in contact with the skin of can be used to treat or relieve immunologic Claims 1-7,13-23,31-53 are industrially applicable, no unified criteria formulation of the claims. The EPO, for e of a compound in medical treament, but m	anyAOXUE, g acidic subsualic acid an .2% by weigh a for preventialso disclose, 13-20,43-50 ich a reducin ms 31-35,38 he person ski g extract of s of D4). therefoedible acid an inventive s AIFANSHI oclaims 41(A) used in treat s 21-22(Articor even suggo the subject local diseases . ally applicaba a exist in the xample, does any allow claims allow claims allow claims any allow claims and subsualing a claims and subsualing acid su	stance which is selected from the g d phosphoric acid(see claim 4 of 1 int to 10% by weight of the pharma on and treatment of cold and influes that the said composition is admits that the said composition is admits that the said composition is admits a gagent such as ascorbic acid is active acid. The said composition is admits a second to the said composition of the cold and the said composition is admits a second to the said control of the said cold and the said cold and/or acidic said seems to be obviously that the said cold and/or acidic said seems to be obviously the said cold and/or acidic said seems to be obviously the said cold and/or acidic said said and/or acidic said said and/or acidic said the said that cold and/or acidic said that cold and	roup consisting of ascorbic acid, D1). It also discloses that the conceutical composition(see claim 7 and 7	critric acid, ontent of the 7 of D1). D2 ise ascorbic, 2,7 of D2). refore, D3 is edible acid an inventive dudes adding a 33(2) PCT. rt. Therefore, D6 is ditivity of the or acidic salt whether it is ent upon the ms to the use
INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY International application No.			OT ON DATENTA DIL LTV	International application No.	

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

Claims 8-12,21-24 are unclear(Article 6 PCT).

The subject-matter of claims 8-10 is pharmaceutical composition, while the characterizing position thereof is food / beverage.

It isn't clear that the subject-matter of claims 8-10 relates to pharmaceutical composition or food / beverage, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear (Article 34(4)(a)(ii) PCT).

The subject-matter of claims 11-12 is pharmaceutical composition, while in the characterizing position thereof the edible acid and/or the acidic salt is in the form the acidic fruit. It isn't clear that subject-matter of claims 11-12 is pharmaceutical composition or fruit, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear (Article 34(4)(a)(ii) PCT).

In the characterizing position of claim 24 the organic acid and/or acidic salt is acidic fruit, but it is apparent that organic acid and/or acidic salt are chemistry substances, and acidic fruit isn't chemistry substance. Therefore claim 24 isn't clear thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of said claims unclear (Article 34(4)(a)(ii) PCT).

The expression "immunological disease" in claim 21 is indefinite, thereby rendering the definition of the subject-matter of claim 21 and the depending claims 22-24 unclear (Article 6 PCT).

Claims 25-30 are inadequately supported by the description(Article 6 PCT).

The subject-matter of claims 25-30 relates to the use in the manufacture of food, beverage or health-care product for use in improving human immunity. However, there is no any test data in the description that shows that the food, beverage or health-care product can improve human immunity. Therefore, claims 25-30 are not fully supported by the description (Article 34(4)(a)(ii) PCT).

International application No.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

Supplemental Box

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